- **1** Supplementary Material
- 2
- Quantifying the effects of Nature-based Solutions in reducing risks from hydrometeorological hazards: examples
 from Europe
- 5 Mohammad Aminur Rahman Shah, Jiren Xu, Francesca Carisi, Francesco De Paola, Silvana Di Sabatino, Alessio
- 6 Domeneghetti, Carlo Gerundo, Alejandro Gonzalez-Ollauri, Farrokh Nadim, Natasha Petruccelli, Annemarie
- 7 Polderman, Francesco Pugliese, Beatrice Pulvirenti, Paolo Ruggieri, Giuseppe Speranza, Elena Toth, Thomas
- 8 Zieher, Fabrice G. Renaud*
- 9 *Correspondence: fabrice.renaud@glasgow.ac.uk
- 10

11 Table S1. Outlier tracts per indicator treated using winsorization

OAL	SES Indicator	Indicator	Municipality/ Polygon ID	
OAL Italy	Social Susceptibility			
	SOS4	Employment rate (% of population)	Bomporto	
		r - , , - , - , - ,	San Prospero	
	Lack of coping and adaptive capacity			
	CAC1	Access to transportation network (Density of transportation network)	Borgocarbonara	
Norwegian DC	Ecosystem Susceptibility			
	EC1	Normalized Difference Vegetation Index	5 - Building	
	231		107 - River	
	ES2	Species Richness	1 - Building	
			2 - Building	
			3 - Building	
			5 - Building	
			6 - Building	
			87 - Building	
			89 - Building	
			91 - Building	
			93 - Building	
			98 - Building	
			100 - Building	
			101 - Building	
			104 - Building	
			107 - River	
			108 - River	

		111 - Road	
		113 - Built-up area	
		115 - Grassland	
		121 - Agricultural area	
		122 - Grassland	
		126 - Agricultural area	
		128 - Road	
		131 - Agricultural area	
		135 - Forest	
		136 - Forest	
		137 - Grassland	
		140 - Grassland	
		143 - Grassland	
		146 - Grassland	
		149 - River	
		152 - River	
		155 - Agricultural area	
		157 - River	
		158 - Grassland	
		159 - Forest	
		163 - River	
		170 - Grassland	
		172 - Built-up area	
		180 - Building	
		181 - Building	
		196 - Forest	
		199 - Road	
		200 - Road	
Lack of Ecosystem Robustness			
		4 - Building	
		5 - Building	
ER2	Mean Species Abundance	6 - Building	
		7 - Building	
		8 - Building	

	9 - Building
	10 - Building
	11 - Building
	12 - Building
	13 - Building
	14 - Building
	15 - Building
	26 - Building
	31 - Building
	32 - Building
	35 - Building
	37 - Building
	39 - Building
	40 - Building
	41 - Building
	52 - Building
	53 - Building
	54 - Building
	55 - Building
	56 - Building
	58 - Building
	66 - Building
	73 - Building
	88 - Building
	96 - Building
	99 - Building
	105 - Grassland
	107 - River
	108 - Agricultural area
	109 - Road
	112 - Built-up area
	113 - Road
	115 - Grassland
	116 - Building

			117 - Gravel pit
			118 - Built-up area
			119 - Road
			120 - Agricultural area
			123 - Built-up area
			124 - Road
			126 - Agricultural area
			127 - Road
			128 - Road
			129 - Road
			130 - Grassland
			131 - Agricultural area
			142 - Road
			144 - Built-up area
			147 - River
			149 - River
			165 - Road
			169 - Road
			172 - Built-up area
			174 - Grassland
			175 - River
			179 - Road
			180 - Gravel pit
			181 - Building
			182 - Building
			194 - Building
			195 - Building
			196 - Forest
			197 - Forest
			198 - River
French DC	Lack of Ecosyst	em Robustness	
	ER2	Mean Species Abundance	6- Forest
			12 - Building
	ER3	Landscape Fragmentation	9 - Dam

		10 - Dam
12		

13 <u>https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/304638754.pdfhttps://doi.org/10.1007/s10346-017-0822-</u>

- yhttps://doi.org/10.2166/aqua.2021.101https://wedocs.unep.org/bitstream/handle/20.500.11822/39864/NATURE BASED SOLUTIONS FOR SUPPORTING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT.
- 16 English.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=yhttps://doi.org/10.3390/environsciproc2022021029https://doi.org/10.1088/1
- 17 <u>748-9326/ab225d</u>
- 18
- 19
- 20