Smart bandaid integrated with fully-textile OECT for Uric Acid Real-Time Monitoring in Wound Exudate

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Figure S1 – SEM imaging of the textile materials (a; b) A030THI, (c; d) Jettex 1005 and (e; f) PHT 3093 foam.



Figure S2 – Digital microscope images of PEDOT:PSS-based ink screen printed on (**a**) Jettex 1005 and (**b**) Royal 100 gauzes.



Figure S3 – Output curves recorded for a textile OECT in 0.1 M PBS electrolyte (pH = 7.00) with (**a**) γ = 0.2; (**b**) γ = 1; (**c**) γ = 4. (**d**) Transfer curves obtained in the same conditions for each geometry tested and (**e**) their relative transconductance curves. (**f**) Representation of the electrochemical cell setup used to record transfer and output curves.



Figure S4 – (**a**) Glass based thin-film PEDOT:PSS OECT and (**b**) its response to UA additions in 0.1 M PBS electrolyte (pH = 7.00). (**c**) Effect of V_{gs} on the NCR slope value.



Figure S5 – (**a**) Electrochemical potential measurements vs SCE of a glass-based OECT terminals by variation of gate voltage, UA oxidation peak voltage is reported as horizontal dashed line. (**b**) Cyclic voltammetry response of UA on a PEDOT:PSS film supported on glass in PBS 0.1 M @ pH 7.00 vs SCE. (**c**) Effect of the pH in cyclic voltammetry response of UA in Universal Buffer. (**d**) UA peak potential vs pH.



Figure S6 – (a) Zoomed steady-state current reached during flow conditions testing at UA = 500 μ M in PBS. (b) Zoomed steady-state current reached during flow conditions testing at UA = 500 μ M in SWE.



Figure S7 – (**a**) Flow conditions analysis response on a textile OECT by random addition of UA solutions in PBS, $V_{ds} = -0.3 \text{ V}$; $V_{gs} = +0.6 \text{ V}$ and (**b**) its relative calibration plot.



Figure S8 – Stability test performed in flow conditions for an assembled textile OECT upon delivery of a 200 μ M UA solution in 0.1 M PBS at pH 7.00. V_{ds} = -0.3 V; V_{gs} = +0.6 V; flow rate = 0.05 mL/min.



Figure S9 – Fully-assembled textile OECT attached to the custom-made 3D printed vise for mechanical deformation testing.