

# THE ROLE OF *cyrr1* GENE DURING ZEBRAFISH DEVELOPMENT IN HH-MEDIATED MYOGENESIS AND NEUROMASTS DIFFERENTIATION

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*CYYR1* (Cysteine/tyrosine-rich 1) cloned on human chromosome 21 defines a new family of highly conserved vertebrate-specific genes<sup>1,2</sup>. The analysis of the human locus revealed the presence of a multitranscript-system that includes alternative spliced isoforms and one ncRNA gene overlapping *CYYR1* in antisense orientation<sup>3</sup>. Original results suggest the need of further investigations in order to verify a putative role of *CYYR1* in the tumorigenic process, caused by dysfunction of cell differentiation and possibly related to the Hh pathway<sup>4</sup>; to date, the specific function of the *CYYR1* product is still unknown.

The zebrafish *cyrr1* is present in single copy and maintains almost 58% of identity with human protein therefore, we decided to perform a full characterization of *cyrr1* expression and function using zebrafish as model system.

WISH approach defined a broad expression in central nervous system (CNS), somites and muscles during somitogenesis and at 24-48 hpf. The *cyrr1* knock-down with two different MOs targetting the ATG and the first splice-site of the transcript, affected both CNS and muscle development with a significant rescue in embryo co-injected with *cyrr1* mRNA. Defects were also evident in ciliated cells of neuromast of the lateral line.

Morphologically, the *cyrr1*-MOs injected embryos display some features of embryos inhibited for the Hh pathway through injection of the *lefty* mRNA and *cyrr1* expression was significantly inhibited following Hh inhibition. Interestingly, the injection of *cyrr1* mRNA was able to partially rescue Hh-defective phenotype in embryos at 24 hpf.

Results obtained through immunofluorescent staining, qPCR and western blotting, support a role for *cyrr1* in primary myogenesis probably downstream of Hh pathway.

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3. Casadei R et al. *Mol Biol Rep* 2014, 41:6025-38.
4. Xu J et al. *Genetics* 2006, 174:735-52.