

CORRECTION

Correction: *Drosophila* and human cell studies reveal a conserved role for CEBPZ, NOC2L and NOC3L in rRNA processing and tumorigenesis

Guglielmo Rambaldelli, Valeria Manara, Andrea Vutera Cuda, Giovanni Bertalot, Marianna Penzo and Paola Bellosta

There was an error in *J. Cell Sci.* (2025) **138**, jcs264096 (doi:10.1242/jcs.264096).

The labels for Fig. 1M were accidentally swapped. Fig. 1 has been updated to show the correct labels. The corrected and original panels are shown below.

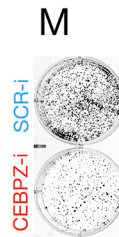


Fig. 1M (corrected panel). Reduction of NOC proteins disrupts rRNA processing, increases p53 expression, and reduces protein synthesis and cell growth. (M) Representative photos of colonies at 10 days of treatment.

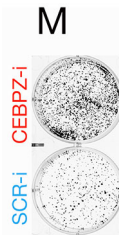


Fig. 1M (original panel). Reduction of NOC proteins disrupts rRNA processing, increases p53 expression, and reduces protein synthesis and cell growth. (M) Representative photos of colonies at 10 days of treatment.

This figure has been corrected in the online and pdf versions of the paper. The authors apologise for any inconvenience caused.