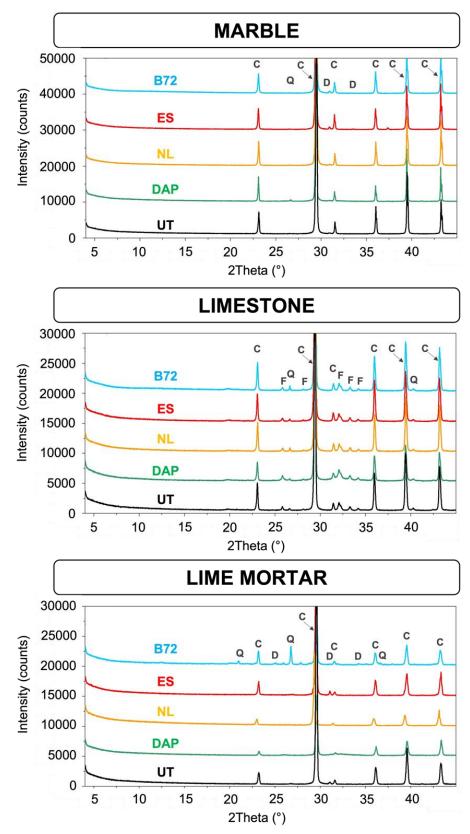
## CHOOSING THE CONSOLIDANT FOR CARBONATE SUBSTRATES: TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY OF SELECTED INORGANIC AND ORGANIC PRODUCTS

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**Supplementary Material** 



**Figure S1**: XRD pattern of untreated and consolidated surfaces. Legend indicates: (C) calcite; (D) dolomite; (F) fluorapatite; (Q) quartz.

Table S1: Life cycle inventory for the DAP treatment. Quantities related to application until apparent refusal.

	Unit	Amount for application to:			Accumptions and linked background unit process
Flow		Marble	Limestone	Lime mortar	Assumptions and linked background unit process
Reference product (DAP)	L	0.9	3.9	6.9	Quantities estimated in § 3.1.1 of the paper
Production: consc	olidant	and precurso	ors		
Ammonia	kg	0.09	0.40	0.71	See modelling of DAP production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)  Ammonia, as 100% NH3 production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)
Phosphoric acid	kg	0.26	1.15	2.03	See modelling of DAP production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)  Phosphoric acid production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)
Energy for stirring	kJ	0.03	0.11	0.20	See modelling of DAP production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)  Electricity grid mix; AC, technology mix; production mix (region specific plants), at consumer; <1kV / IT / 2011 (Sphera database)
Production: solve	nt				
DI water	kg	1.91	8.27	14.64	The amount of DI water includes both its consumption in the synthesis of DAP and its presence as solvent in the final DAP formulation.  De-ionised water production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)
Transportation an	d pack	aging			
Transportation by road	km	500ª / 300b	500ª / 300b	500ª / 300b	a for the supply of precursors b for the delivery of the consolidant product to the site of application  Articulated lorry transport, Total weight <7.5 t, mix Euro 0-5, consumption mix, to consumer, diesel driven / EU27 / 2013 (Sphera database)
Transportation by plane	km	10,000	10,000	10,000	Only for the supply of Japanese paper  Cargo plane; technology mix, kerosene driven, cargo; consumption mix; 65 t payload / GLO / 2013 (Sphera database)
Packaging: HDPE buckets	kg	0.05	0.20	0.35	Assumption: product marketed in buckets of 5 L of capacity  Polyethylene, HDPE, granulate; production mix, at plant / EU28 / 2013 (Sphera database)

Use: application (	Jse: application (production of auxiliary materials and rinsing)						
Limewater	kg	7.00	7.00	7.00	Calcium hydroxide production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Cellulose pulp	kg	0.60	0.60	0.60	Cellulose (excluding blowing) production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Japanese paper	kg	0.01	0.01	0.01	Assumption: negligible impacts of production, considering the small amount of material required. Only transportation by plane is considered		
Use: evaporation of volatiles							
Carbon dioxide	kg	0.19	0.82	1.46	Quantitative release of CO <sub>2</sub> according to the following reactions, involved in the DAP consolidation mechanism on the substrate: i) $10 \ CaCO_3 + 5 \ (NH_4)_2 HPO_4 \rightarrow Ca_{10} (PO_4, CO_3)_6 (OH, CO_3)_2 + 5 \ (NH_4)_2 CO_3 + 3 \ CO_2 + 2 \ H_2 O$ ii) $(NH_4)_2 CO_3 \rightarrow 2 \ NH_3 + CO_2 + H_2 O$		

Table S2. Life cycle inventory for the NL treatment. Quantities related to application until apparent refusal.

,	Unit	Amount for application to:			es relateu to application until apparent relusal.		
Flow		Marble	Limestone	Lime mortar	Assumptions and linked background unit process		
Reference product (NL)	L	1.2	4.8	7.8	Quantities estimated in § 3.1.1 of the paper		
Production: consc	olidant	and precurso	ors				
					See modelling of NL production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)		
Calcium chloride	kg	0.010	0.038	0.062	Calcium chloride production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
					See modelling of NL production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)		
Sodium hydroxide	kg	0.007	0.027	0.045	Sodium hydroxide production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
					See modelling of NL production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)		
DI water	kg	0.64	2.57	4.17	De-ionised water production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
					See modelling of NL production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)		
Energy for heating	kJ	117.8	471.4	766.0	Electricity grid mix; AC, technology mix; production mix (region specific plants), at consumer; <1kV / IT / 2011 (Sphera database)		
					See modelling of NL production in Dal Pozzo et al. (2023)		
Energy for stirring	kJ	0.13	0.52	0.84	Electricity grid mix; AC, technology mix; production mix (region specific plants), at consumer; <1kV / IT / 2011 (Sphera database)		
Production: solve	nt						
Ethanol	kg	1.24	4.94	8.03	The amount of ethanol includes both its consumption in the synthesis of NL and its presence as solvent in the final NL formulation.		
Litiation	Ng				Ethanol production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Transportation an	Transportation and packaging						
Transportation by road	km 500°/3	500a / 300b	00° / 300° 500° / 300°	500ª / 300b	a for the supply of precursors b for the delivery of the consolidant product to the site of application		
		300 7 000			Articulated lorry transport, Total weight <7.5 t, mix Euro 0-5, consumption mix, to consumer, diesel driven / EU27 / 2013 (Sphera database)		

Transportation by plane	km	10,000	10,000	10,000	Only for the supply of Japanese paper  Cargo plane; technology mix, kerosene driven, cargo; consumption mix; 65 t payload / GLO / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Packaging: HDPE buckets	kg	0.06	0.24	0.39	Assumption: product marketed in buckets of 5 L of capacity  Polyethylene, HDPE, granulate; production mix, at plant / EU28 / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Use: application (	Use: application (production of auxiliary materials and rinsing)						
Limewater	kg	7.00	7.00	7.00	Calcium hydroxide production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Cellulose pulp	kg	0.60	0.60	0.60	Cellulose (excluding blowing) production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Japanese paper	kg	0.01	0.01	0.01	Assumption: negligible impacts of production, considering the small amount of material required. Only transportation by plane is considered		

**Table S3.** Life cycle inventory for the ES treatment. Quantities related to application until apparent refusal.

Flow	Unit	Amount for application to:			Accumptions and linked background unit process		
FIOW		Marble	Limestone	Lime mortar	Assumptions and linked background unit process		
Reference product (ES)	L	0.9	2.8	6.4	Quantities estimated in § 3.1.1 of the paper		
Production: consc	lidant	and precurso	ors				
Silicon tetrachloride	kg	0.55	1.72	3.94	See modelling of ES production in Sanchez-Ramirez et al. (2018)  Silicon tetrachloride, at plant / EU+EFTA / 2015 (Env. Footprint RPs database)		
Ethanol	kg	0.67	2.07	4.74	See modelling of ES production in Sanchez-Ramirez et al. (2018)  Ethanol production; technology mix; production mix, at plant; 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Energy for heating	kJ	678.6	2111.2	4825.6	See modelling of ES production in Sanchez-Ramirez et al. (2018)  Electricity grid mix; AC, technology mix; production mix (region specific plants), at consumer; <1kV / IT / 2011 (Sphera database)		
Energy for stirring	kJ	0.54	1.68	3.84	See modelling of ES production in Sanchez-Ramirez et al. (2018)  Electricity grid mix; AC, technology mix; production mix (region specific plants), at consumer; <1kV / IT / 2011 (Sphera database)		
Production: solve	Production: solvent						
White spirit	kg	0.23	0.70	1.60	White spirit production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Transportation an	d pack	aging					
Transportation by road	km	500ª / 300b	500ª / 300b	500ª / 300b	a for the supply of precursors b for the delivery of the consolidant product to the site of application  Articulated lorry transport, Total weight <7.5 t, mix Euro 0-5, consumption mix, to consumer, diesel driven / EU27 / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Packaging: HDPE buckets	kg	0.05	0.14	0.32	Assumption: product marketed in buckets of 5 L of capacity  Polyethylene, HDPE, granulate; production mix, at plant / EU28 / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Use: application (	Use: application (production of auxiliary materials and rinsing)						
White spirit	kg	2	2	2	For rinsing of excess product  White spirit production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance  / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		

Table S4. Life cycle inventory for the B72 treatment. Quantities related to application until apparent refusal.

Flow	Unit	Amount for application to:					
FIOW		Marble	Limestone	Lime mortar	Assumptions and linked background unit process		
Reference product (B72)	L	1.1	3.0	5.4	Quantities estimated in § 3.1.1 of the paper		
Production: consc	olidant	and precurso	ors				
Acrylic resin	kg	0.045	0.124	0.223	Industrial production of beads of acrylic resin. It is assumed that beads are dissolved into acetone at the site of application in the proportions mentioned in § 2.2.		
					Silicon tetrachloride, at plant / EU+EFTA / 2015 (Env. Footprint RPs database)		
Production: solve	nt						
Acetone	kg	0.86	2.35	4.23	White spirit production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		
Transportation an	Transportation and packaging						
Transportation by road	km	300	300	300	For the delivery of the consolidant product to the site of application  Articulated lorry transport, Total weight <7.5 t, mix Euro 0-5, consumption mix, to consumer, diesel driven / EU27 / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Packaging: HDPE buckets	kg	0.06	0.15	0.27	Assumption: product marketed in buckets of 5 L of capacity  Polyethylene, HDPE, granulate; production mix, at plant / EU28 / 2013 (Sphera database)		
Use: application (production of auxiliary materials and rinsing)							
Acetone	kg	3	3	3	For rinsing of excess product  White spirit production, production mix, at plant, technology mix, 100% active substance  / RER / 2017 (Ecoinvent database)		

## **References for Tables S1-S4**

Life cycle databases (nodes of the European Life Cycle Data Network):

• Ecoinvent: <a href="http://ecoinvent.lca-data.com/">http://ecoinvent.lca-data.com/</a> Env. Footprint RPs: <a href="http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/EF-node/">http://ecoinvent.lca-data.com/</a> Env. Footprint RPs: <a href="http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/EF-node/">http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/EF-node/</a> Sphera: <a href="http://icdn.thinkstep.com/">http://icdn.thinkstep.com/</a>

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Sanchez-Ramirez, E., Ramirez-Marquez, C., Quiroz-Ramirez, J.J., Contreras-Zarazua, G., Segovia-Gernandez, J.G., Cervantes-Jauregui, J.A., 2018. Reactive Distillation Column Design for Tetraethoxysilane (TEOS) Production: Economic and Environmental Aspects. Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 57, 5024-5034.