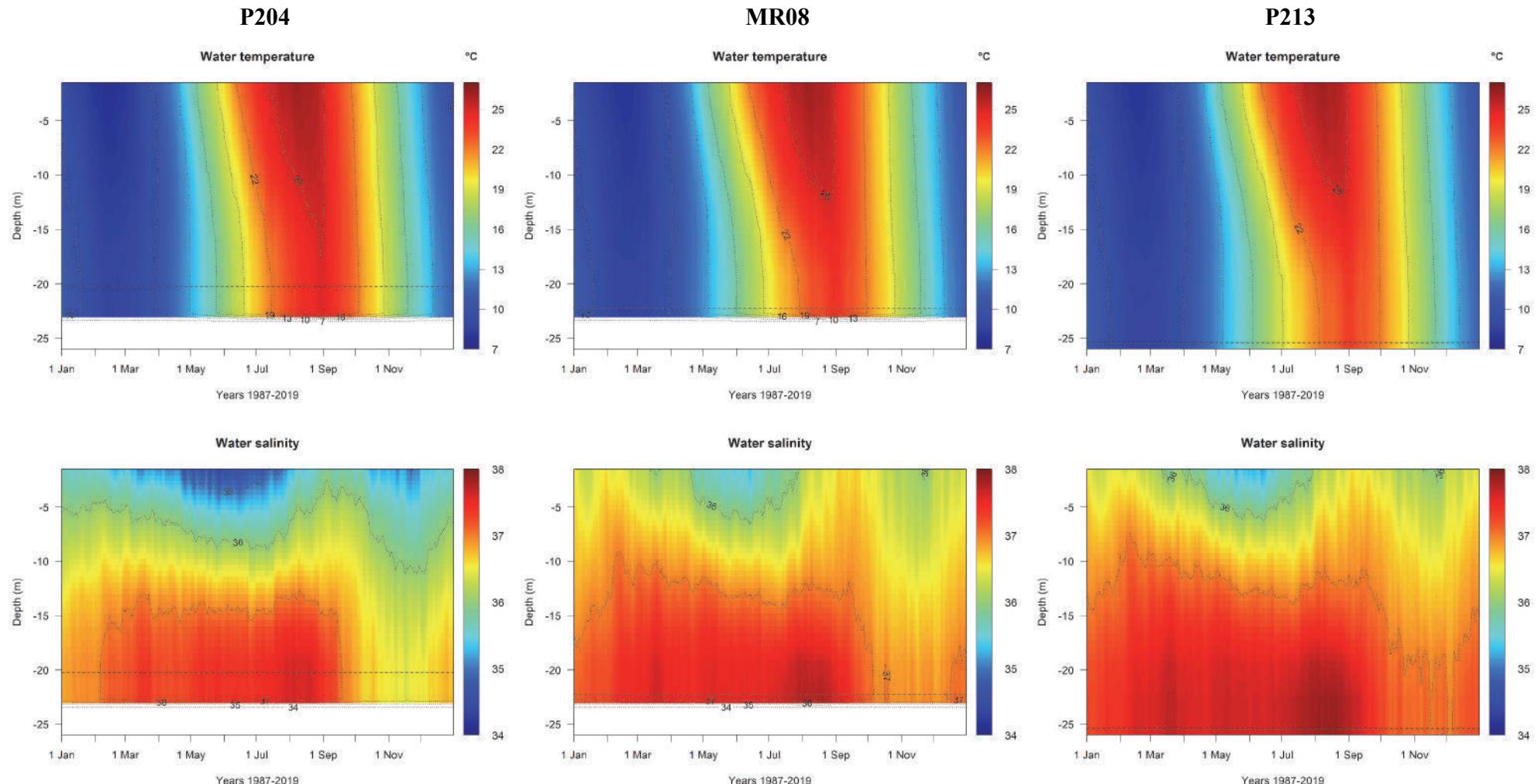
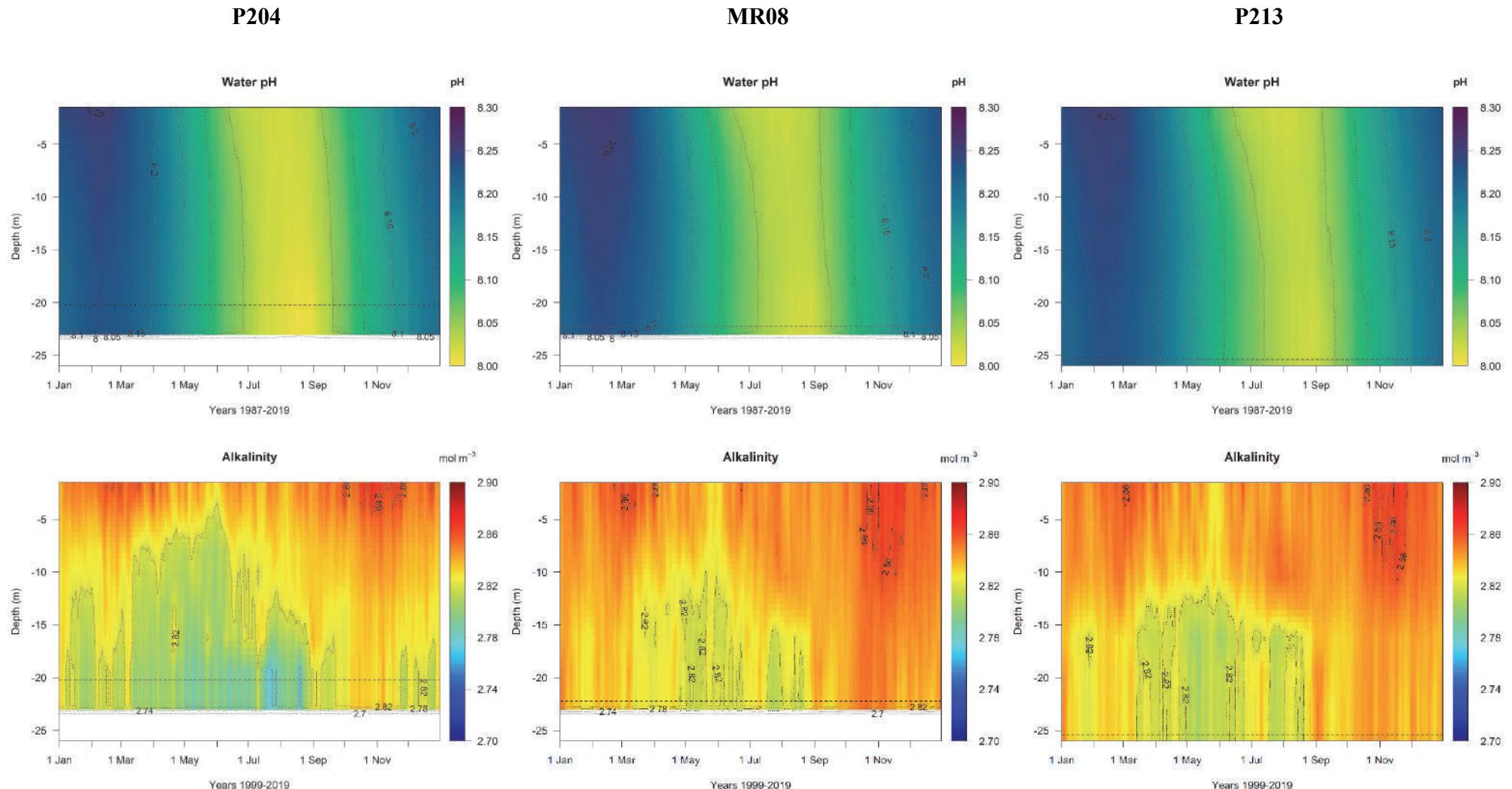


Supplementary Material



Supplementary Figure 1. Mean climatic conditions (from 1987 to 2019) of water temperature and salinity at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Physics Reanalysis (Escudier et al., 2020).

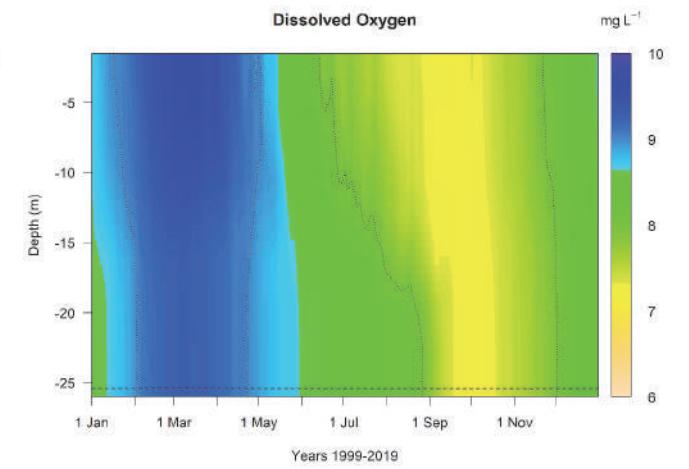
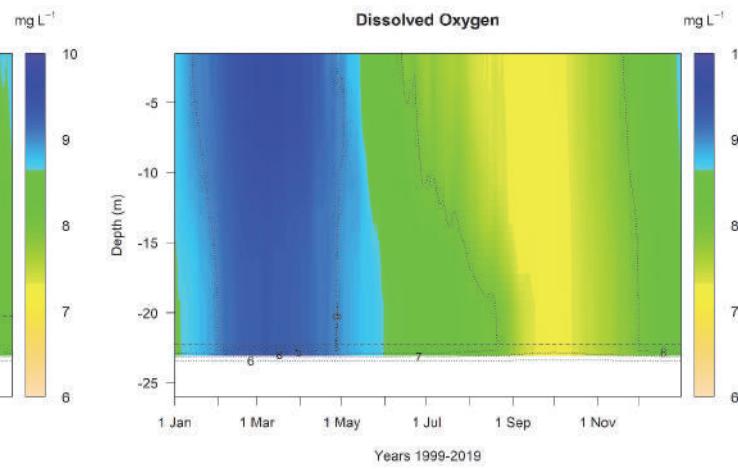
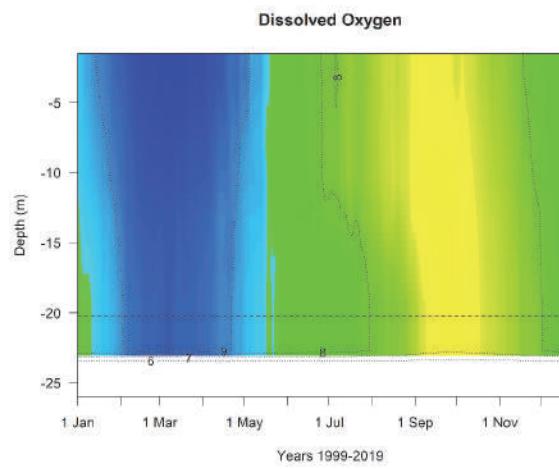
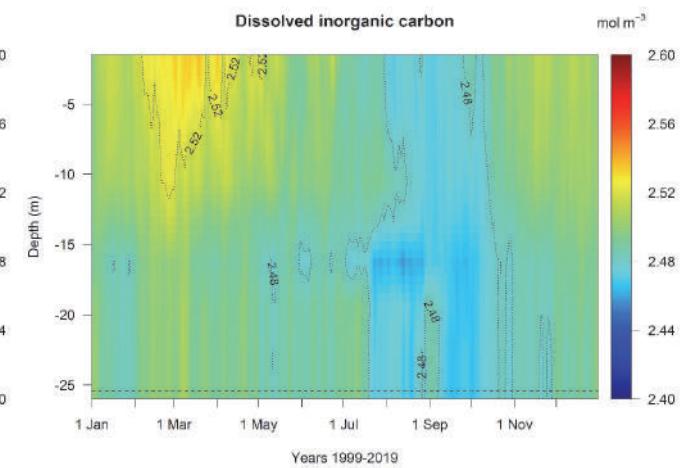
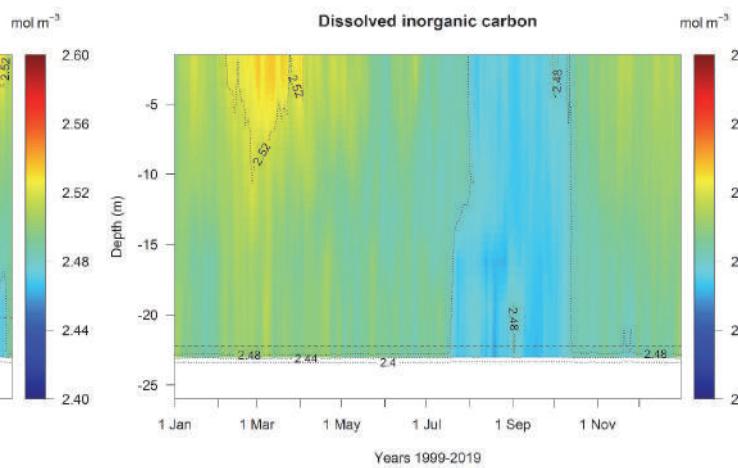
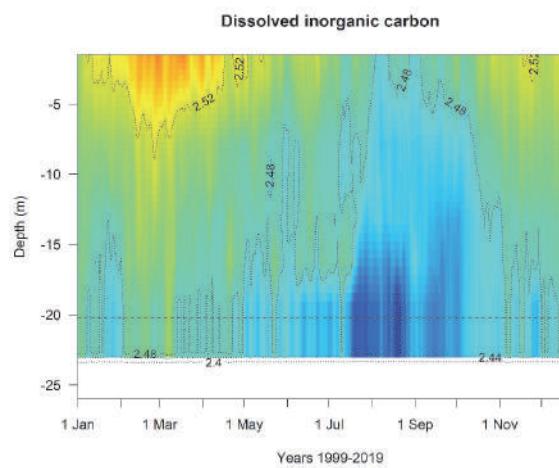


Supplementary Figure 2. Mean climatic conditions (from 1999 to 2019) of pH and alkalinity at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemical Reanalysis (Teruzzi et al., 2021).

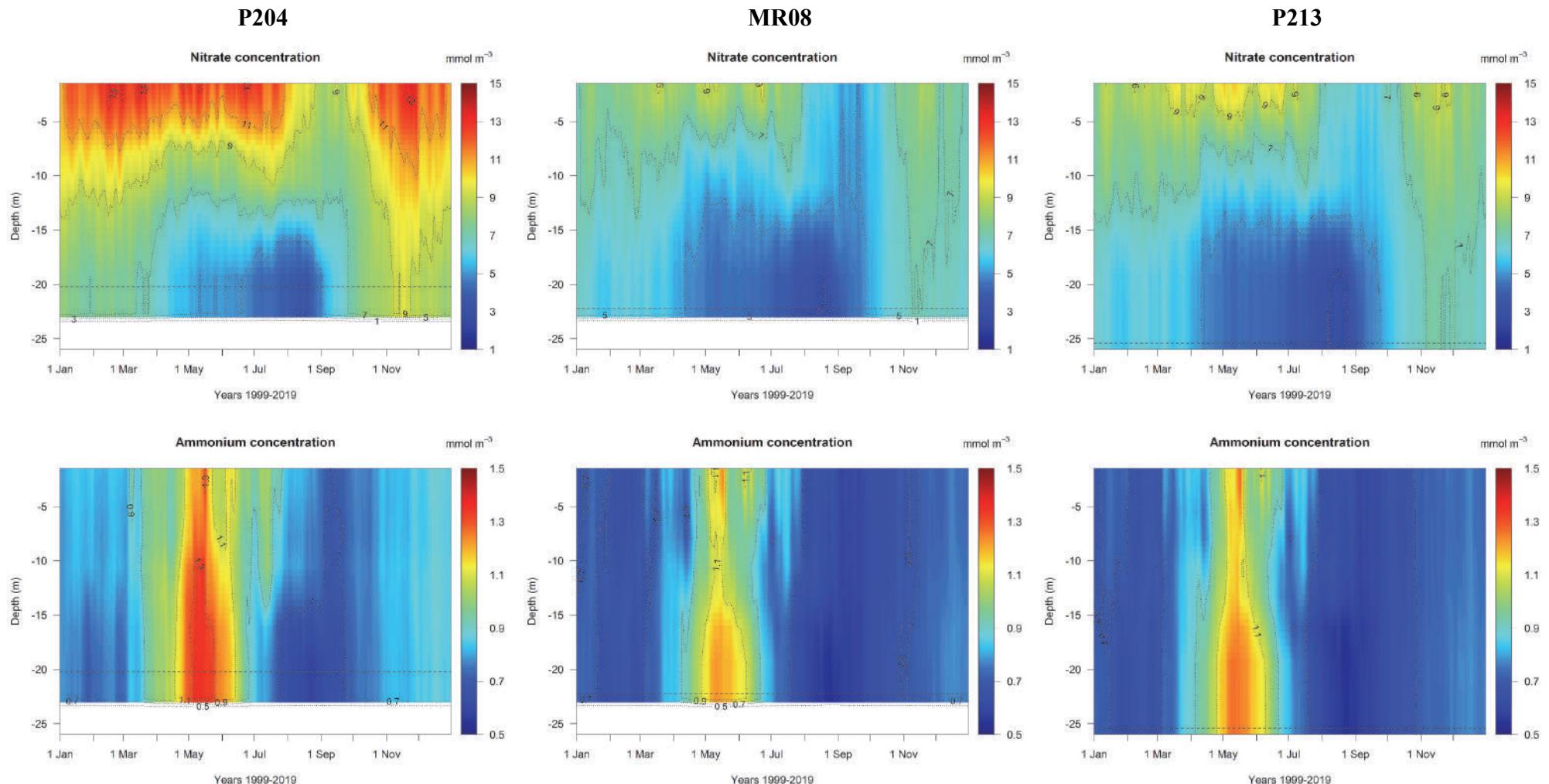
P204

MR08

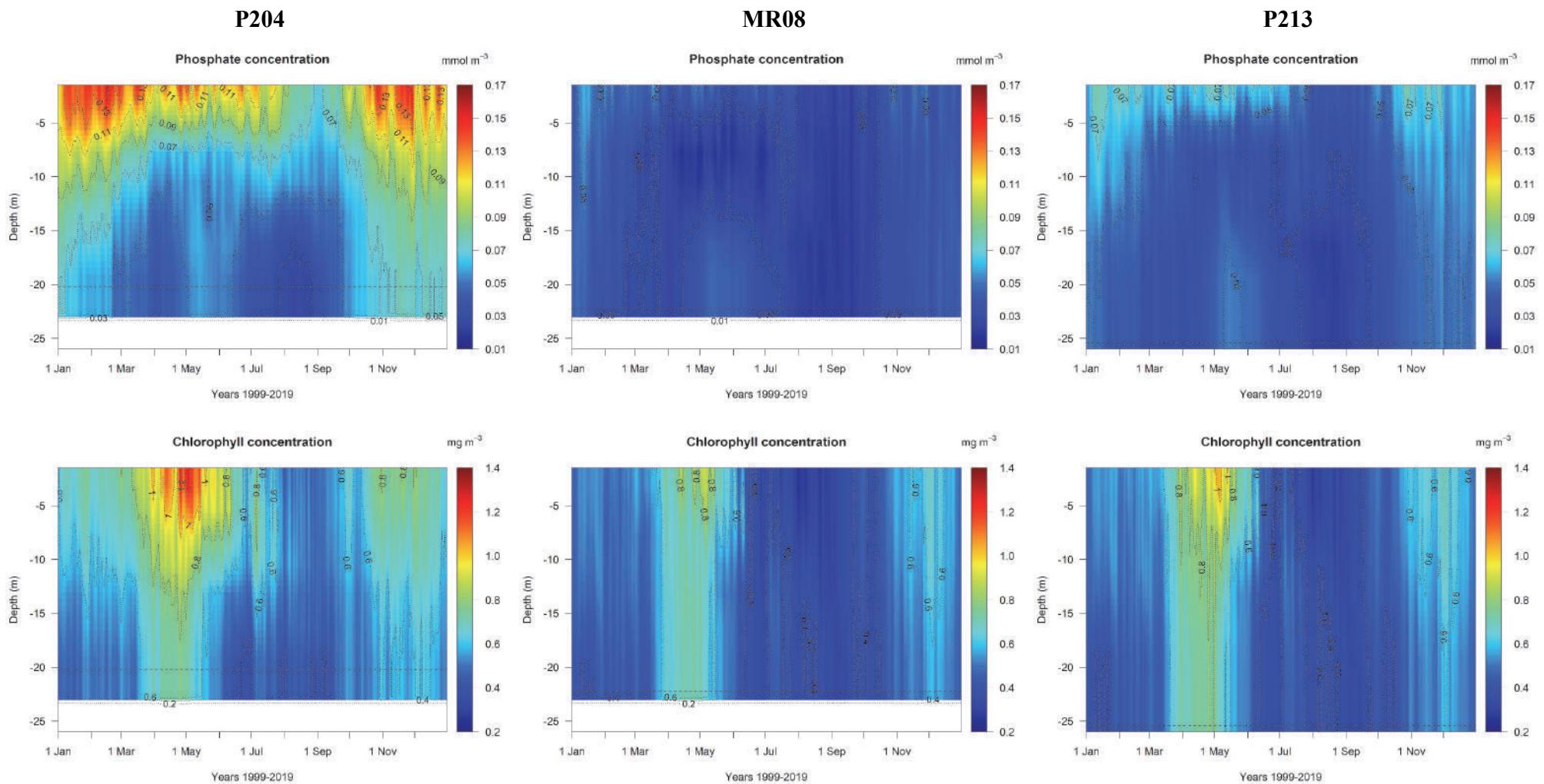
P213



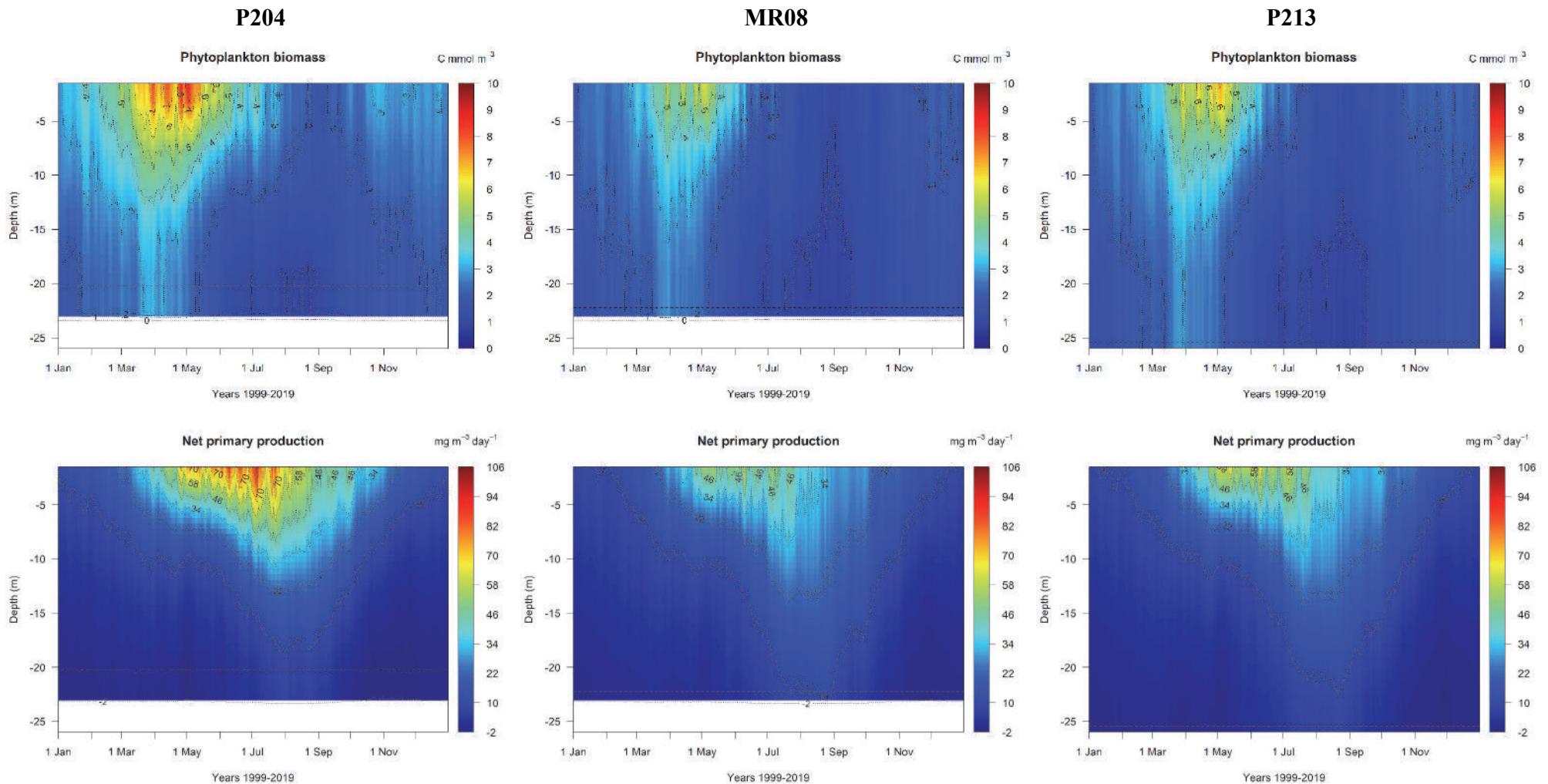
Supplementary Figure 3. Mean climatic conditions (from 1999 to 2019) of dissolved inorganic carbon and oxygen at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemical Reanalysis (Teruzzi et al., 2021).



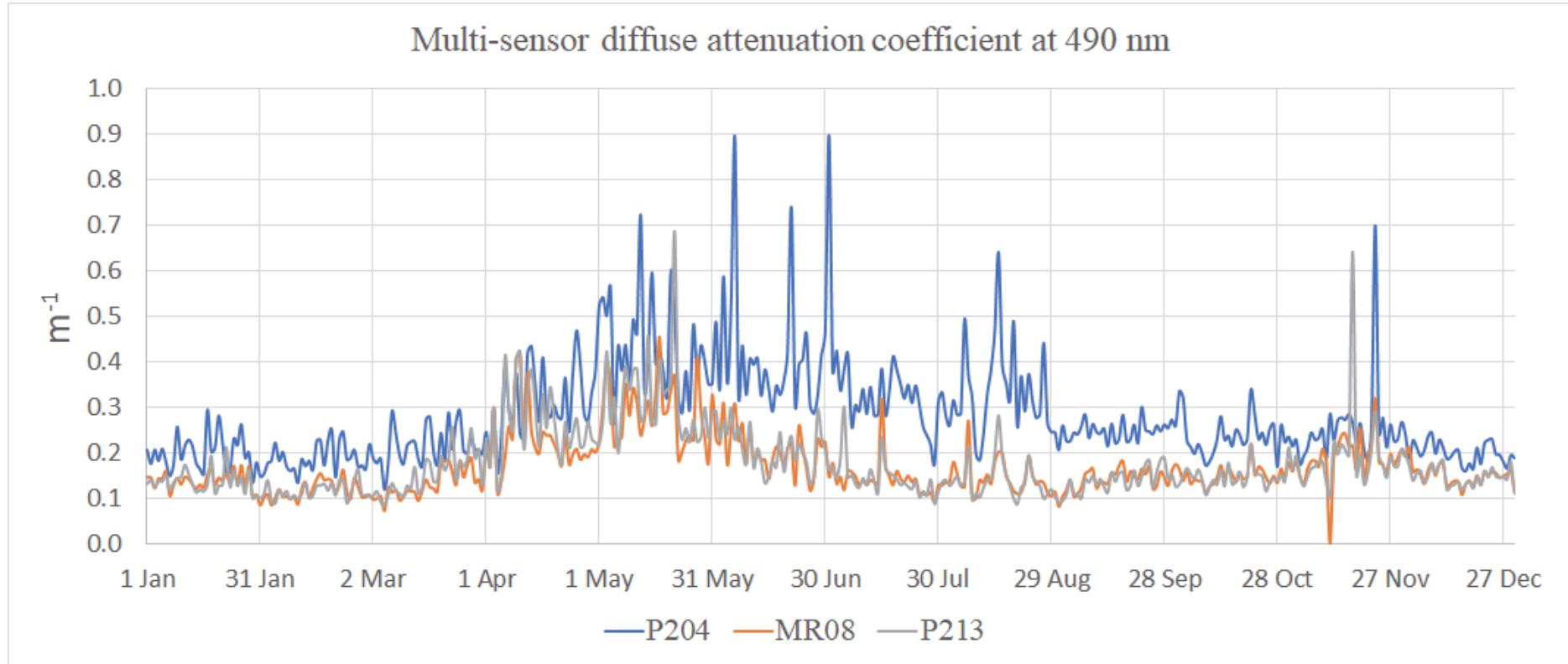
Supplementary Figure 4. Mean climatic conditions (from 1999 to 2019) of nitrate and ammonium concentration at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemical Reanalysis (Teruzzi et al., 2021).



Supplementary Figure 5. Mean climatic conditions (from 1999 to 2019) of phosphate and chlorophyll concentration at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemical Reanalysis (Teruzzi et al., 2021).



Supplementary Figure 6. Mean climatic conditions (from 1999 to 2019) of phytoplankton biomass and net primary production at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Biogeochemical Reanalysis (Teruzzi et al., 2021).



Supplementary Figure 7. Mean climatic conditions (from 1997 to 2020) of the attenuation coefficient of light at 490 nm at each site (P204, MR08, P213; bottom depth marked by horizontal dashed line) according to the Mediterranean Sea Reprocessed Remote Sensing Multi Satellite observations (GOS group, 2021). This is a measure of the turbidity of the water column, i.e., how visible light in the blue-green region of the spectrum is attenuated by penetrating the water column.

References

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- [Dataset] GOS group (2021). *Mediterranean Sea reprocessed remote sensing reflectances and attenuation coefficient at 490nm from multi satellite observations*. Global Ocean Satellite monitoring and marine ecosystem study group (GOS) of the Italian National Research Council (CNR, Rome). E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information. Available at: https://resources.marine.copernicus.eu/product-detail/OCEANCOLOUR_MED_OPTICS_L4_NRT_OBSERVATIONS_009_039/INFORMATION.
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